



# High Crimp. Bulky. Semi-Lustrous.

Wool Characteristics

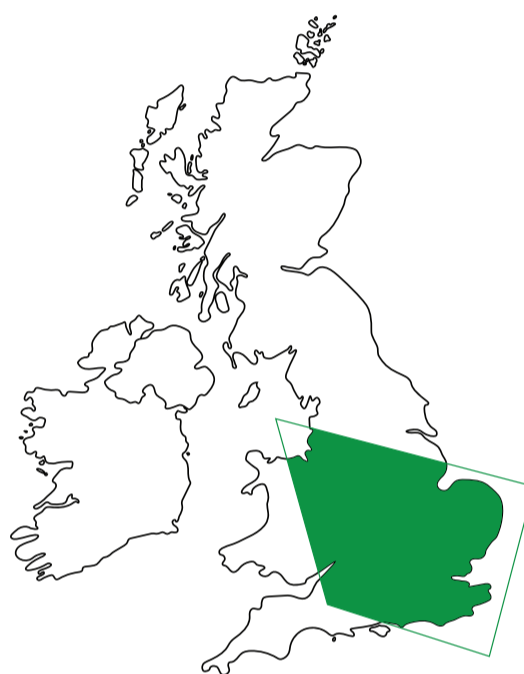
## 31-35µm

Micron

## MEDIUM WOOL

### Breeds

- Beltex
- Bleu du maine
- Border Leicester
- British Milkshopeep
- Cambridge
- Devon Closewool
- Friesland
- Halfbred-Scotch
- Halfbred-Welsh
- Llanwenog
- Lleyn
- Romney
- Texel



### Landscape & Habitat

Found across lowland farms, upland fringes, and mixed-use pasturelands. Common in lowlands and upland fringes: Midlands, southern England, Wales.



### Biodiversity Benefits

Lowland sheep breeds are well adapted to grazing fertile, wetter pastures and floodplains in the UK. When managed through low-input, traditional grazing systems, they help maintain species-rich grasslands by controlling coarse vegetation and promoting wildflowers, fungi, and insect diversity. Their moderate, consistent grazing supports ground-nesting birds such as skylarks and lapwings, while also preventing scrub encroachment and rush dominance.

### Landscape symbiosis: Marshes

In the coastal grasslands of Romney Marsh, Romney sheep help maintain a unique species-rich wetland pasture by controlling coarse grasses and reeds. Their grazing behavior keeps the sward open, encouraging plants like marsh marigold and ragged robin, which support insects and pollinators. Wet ditches and fields also provide ideal nesting and feeding habitat for wading birds such as lapwings, redshanks and snipe.

This is possible due to the Romney's strong, hard hooves that resist foot rot and thrive in marshy terrain.

### Sheep's role in Landscape

Integral to crop-pasture rotation landscapes

Maintain balanced grassland

Connects traditional and commercial agriculture

